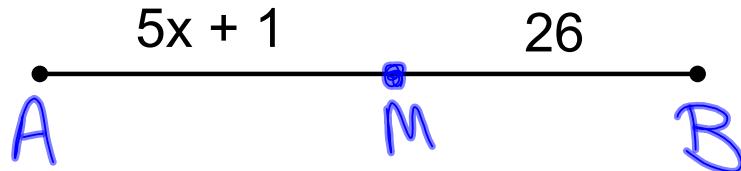


9-18-14

M bisects \overline{AB} . What is the value of x?

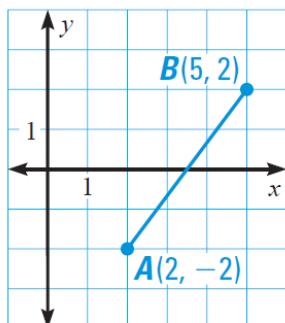


Warm up assignment:

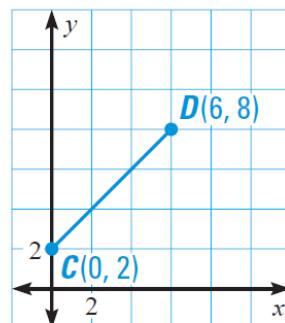
pg. 197 #27-~~30~~

Distance Formula Find the distance between each pair of points. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

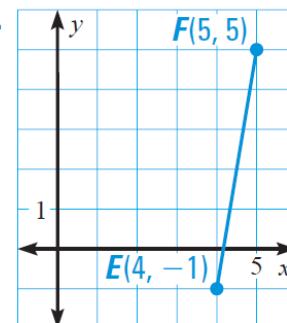
27.



28.



29.



HW Check:

2.1 pg. 57-59

#17-23 odd, 24, 27-35 odd, 42, 53

2.2 - Angles Bisectors

Bisect - cut into 2 equal pieces

Angle Bisectors - a ray that cuts an angle into 2 equal angles



Ex. 1 \overrightarrow{BD} bisects $\angle ABC$, and $m\angle ABC = 110^\circ$.

Find $m\angle ABD$ and $m\angle DBC$.

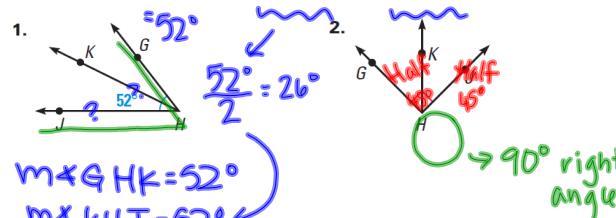
$$\frac{\text{WHOLE}}{2} = \text{HALF}$$

$$\frac{110}{2} = 55^\circ$$

$$m\angle ABD = 55^\circ$$

$$m\angle DBC = 55^\circ$$

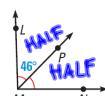
\overrightarrow{HK} bisects $\angle GHJ$. Find $m\angle GHK$ and $m\angle KJH$.



Ex. 2 \overrightarrow{MP} bisects $\angle LMN$, and $m\angle LMP = 46^\circ$.

a. Find $m\angle PMN$ and $m\angle LMN$.

b. Determine whether $\angle LMN$ is acute, right, obtuse, or straight. Explain.

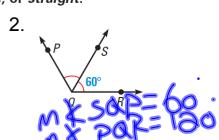
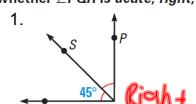


$$m\angle PMN = 46^\circ$$

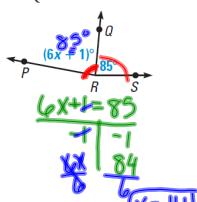
$$m\angle LMN = 92^\circ$$

obtuse, bigger than 90°

\overrightarrow{QS} bisects $\angle PQR$. Find $m\angle SOP$ and $m\angle PQR$. Then determine whether $\angle PQR$ is acute, right, obtuse, or straight.

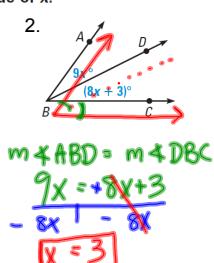
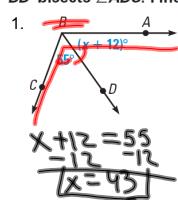


Ex. 3 \overrightarrow{RQ} bisects $\angle PRS$. Find the value of x .



PEMDAS

\overrightarrow{BD} bisects $\angle ABC$. Find the value of x .



Due tomorrow:

2.2 pg. 64-66

#9-21 odd, 28-30, 33, 38-44

Quiz on:

bisecting
distance
midpoint } tomorrow